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        Apr 09
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                 BIOSIS Gene Names now available in TOXCENTER
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     7
NEWS
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                 New e-mail delivery for search results now available
        Jun 03
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     9
NEWS 10
        Jun 10
                 MEDLINE Reload
                 PCTFULL has been reloaded
NEWS 11
        Jun 10
                 FOREGE no longer contains STANDARDS file segment
NEWS 12
         Jul 02
                 USAN to be reloaded July 28, 2002;
NEWS 13
        Jul 22
                 saved answer sets no longer valid
                 Enhanced polymer searching in REGISTRY
NEWS 14
         Jul 29
                 NETFIRST to be removed from STN
NEWS 15
        Jul 30
NEWS 16
        Aug 08
                 CANCERLIT reload
                 PHARMAMarketLetter(PHARMAML) - new on STN
NEWS 17
         Aug 08
                 NTIS has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 18
         Aug 08
                 Aquatic Toxicity Information Retrieval (AQUIRE)
NEWS 19
         Aug 19
                 now available on STN
                 IFIPAT, IFICDB, and IFIUDB have been reloaded
         Aug 19
NEWS 20
                 The MEDLINE file segment of TOXCENTER has been reloaded
         Aug 19
NEWS 21
                 Sequence searching in REGISTRY enhanced
         Aug 26
NEWS 22
                 JAPIO has been reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 23
         Sep 03
                 Experimental properties added to the REGISTRY file
NEWS 24
         Sep 16
                 Indexing added to some pre-1967 records in CA/CAPLUS
NEWS 25
         Sep 16
                 CA Section Thesaurus available in CAPLUS and CA
NEWS 26
         Sep 16
                 CASREACT Enriched with Reactions from 1907 to 1985
NEWS 27
         Oct 01
NEWS 28 Oct 21 EVENTLINE has been reloaded
                 BEILSTEIN adds new search fields
NEWS 29 Oct 24
NEWS 30 Oct 24 Nutraceuticals International (NUTRACEUT) now available on STN
                 MEDLINE SDI run of October 8, 2002
        Oct 25
NEWS 31
                 DKILIT has been renamed APOLLIT
        Nov 18
NEWS 32
                 More calculated properties added to REGISTRY
         Nov 25
NEWS 33
                 TIBKAT will be removed from STN
         Dec 02
NEWS 34
              October 14 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V6.01,
NEWS EXPRESS
              CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0a(ENG) AND V6.0Ja(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 01 OCTOBER 2002
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              Direct Dial and Telecommunication Network Access to STN
NEWS PHONE
              CAS World Wide Web Site (general information)
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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 19:30:29 ON 02 DEC 2002

=> FIL BIOSIS MEDLINE CAPLUS EMBASE SCISEARCH COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.21 0.21

FULL ESTIMATED COST

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=> s N-acetylcysteine or acetylcysteine or nac 36201 N-ACETYLCYSTEINE OR ACETYLCYSTEINE OR NAC T.1

=> s glutathione

278984 GLUTATHIONE

=> s 12 not gst

250090 L2 NOT GST 1.3

=> s 11 or 13

277971 L1 OR L3

=> s (premature (w) labor) or fetal or fetus 786234 (PREMATURE (W) LABOR) OR FETAL OR FETUS

=> s (premature (w) labor)

11838 (PREMATURE (W) LABOR)

=> s free (w) radical (w) scavenger

19952 FREE (W) RADICAL (W) SCAVENGER

 \Rightarrow s 14 and 17

3508 L4 AND L7 L8

09921880

```
=> s 14 or 17
        294415 L4 OR L7
L9
=> s 15 and 18
            45 L5 AND L8
T.10
=> s 15 and 19
          3722 L5 AND L9
L11
=> dup rem 110
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L10
             38 DUP REM L10 (7 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> dup rem 111
PROCESSING IS APPROXIMATELY 45% COMPLETE FOR L11
PROCESSING IS APPROXIMATELY 84% COMPLETE FOR L11
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L11
           1782 DUP REM L11 (1940 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
=> dist hist
DIST IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).
=> d hist
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 19:30:29 ON 02 DEC 2002)
     FILE 'BIOSIS, MEDLINE, CAPLUS, EMBASE, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 19:30:46 ON
     02 DEC 2002
          36201 S N-ACETYLCYSTEINE OR ACETYLCYSTEINE OR NAC
L1
         278984 S GLUTATHIONE
L2
         250090 S L2 NOT GST
L3
         277971 S L1 OR L3
L4
         786234 S (PREMATURE (W) LABOR) OR FETAL OR FETUS
L5
          11838 S (PREMATURE (W) LABOR)
L6
         19952 S FREE (W) RADICAL (W) SCAVENGER
L7
           3508 S L4 AND L7
1.8
         294415 S L4 OR L7
L9
             45 S L5 AND L8
L10
           3722 S L5 AND L9
L11
L12
             38 DUP REM L10 (7 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
           1782 DUP REM L11 (1940 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L13
=> s 110 and py <= 1999
   2 FILES SEARCHED...
            30 L10 AND PY<=1999
L14
=> d 114 py au ti so ab
=> d hist
     (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 19:30:29 ON 02 DEC 2002)
     FILE 'BIOSIS, MEDLINE, CAPLUS, EMBASE, SCISEARCH' ENTERED AT 19:30:46 ON
     02 DEC 2002
          36201 S N-ACETYLCYSTEINE OR ACETYLCYSTEINE OR NAC
L1
         278984 S GLUTATHIONE
L2
         250090 S L2 NOT GST
L3
```

```
277971 S L1 OR L3
T.4
         786234 S (PREMATURE (W) LABOR) OR FETAL OR FETUS
L5
          11838 S (PREMATURE (W) LABOR)
L6
          19952 S FREE (W) RADICAL (W) SCAVENGER
L7
           3508 S L4 AND L7
L8
         294415 S L4 OR L7
L9
             45 S L5 AND L8
L10
           3722 S L5 AND L9
L11
             38 DUP REM L10 (7 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L12
           1782 DUP REM L11 (1940 DUPLICATES REMOVED)
L13
             30 S L10 AND PY<=1999
T.14
=> s 114 and labr
             0 L14 AND LABR
L15
\Rightarrow s 114 and labor
             O L14 AND LABOR
L16
\Rightarrow 113 and labor
L13 IS NOT A RECOGNIZED COMMAND
The previous command name entered was not recognized by the system.
For a list of commands available to you in the current file, enter
"HELP COMMANDS" at an arrow prompt (=>).
=> s 113 and labor
            38 L13 AND LABOR
L17
=> s 113 and (premature (w) labor)
              7 L13 AND (PREMATURE (W) LABOR)
L18
=> d 118 py au ti so ab 1-30
     ANSWER 1 OF 7 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
L18
PΥ
     Buhimschi, I. (1); Weiner, C. P. (1)
ΑU
     Glutathione supplementation increase fetal survival
ΤI
     after endotoxin administration in a murine model.
     American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, (Jan., 2000) Vol. 182, No.
SO
      1 Part 2, pp. S44.
     Meeting Info.: 20th Annual Meeting of the Society for Maternal-Fetal
     Medicine. Miami Beach, Florida, USA January 31-February 05, 2000 Society
      for Maternal-Fetal Medicine
      . ISSN: 0002-9378.
 L18 ANSWER 2 OF 7 BIOSIS COPYRIGHT 2002 BIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS INC.
 PΥ
      Tabacova, Sonia (1); Balabaeva, Liudmila; Little, Ruth E. (1)
 ΑU
     Maternal exposure to exogenous nitrogen compounds and complications of
 TΤ
      pregnancy.
      Archives of Environmental Health, (Sept.-Oct., 1997) Vol. 52, No. 5, pp.
 SO
      341-347.
      ISSN: 0003-9896.
      Increased lipid peroxidation and reduced antioxidant activity have been
 AΒ
      reported with pregnancy complications. Given that exogenous oxidants
      stimulate formation of lipid peroxides, the authors investigated the
      relationship between exposure to nitrogen-oxidizing species and pregnancy
      complications and took into account markers of antioxidant and oxidant
      status. The study sample included pregnant women who were from an area
      polluted by oxidized nitrogen compounds. Methemoglobin, a biomarker of
      individual exposure, was determined, as were measures of
      oxidant/antioxidant status, including glutathione balance and
```

lipid peroxide levels. Only 10 women experienced normal pregnancies. The most common complications were anemia (67%), threatened abortion/premature labor (33%), and signs of preeclampsia (23%). Methemoglobin was elevated significantly in all three conditions, compared with normal pregnancies. Reduced:total glutathione decreased, whereas lipid peroxide levels increased. These results suggest that maternal exposure to environmental oxidants can increase the risk of pregnancy complications through stimulation of the formation of cell-damaging lipid peroxides and from a decrease in maternal antioxidant reserves.

- L18 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- PY 1998
- AU Grmadzinska, Jolanta; Wasowidz, Wojciech; Krasomski, Grzegorz; Broniarczyk, Danuta; Andrijewski, Michal; Rydzynski, Konrad; Wolkanin, Piotr
- TI Selenium levels, thiobarbituric acid-reactive substance concentrations and **glutathione** peroxidase activity in the blood of women with gestosis and imminent **premature labor**
- Analyst (Cambridge, United Kingdom) (1998), 123(1), 35-40 CODEN: ANALAO; ISSN: 0003-2654
- The aim of the study was to investigate antioxidant status, monitored by AΒ selenium and thiobarbituric acid-reactive substance concns. in blood plasma, and glutathione peroxidase activity in erythrocytes and blood plasma in women with gestosis (n = 26), imminent premature labour (n= 48) and normal pregnancy (n = 23) during 19-38 wk of pregnancy. Selenium concns. in blood plasma were significantly higher in women with pathol. pregnancies than in normal pregnancy(45.5 .+-. 10.5 .mu.g/L, p MO.01 and 44.1 .+-. 11.6 .mu.g/L, p MO.05 vs. 38.6 .+-. 8.3 .mu.g/L, resp.). In all groups of pregnant women Se concns. were extremely low as compared with non-pregnant females. Glutathione peroxidase (GSH-Px) activity in blood plasma was significantly higher in complicated pregnancies than in healthy ones. There were no significant differences in thiobarbituric acid-reactive substance concns. between all groups of pregnant women. Statistically significant correlations were found between blood plasma Se concns. and $\overline{GSH-Px}$ activity in healthy pregnant (r = 0.53, p < 0.01), imminent premature labour (r = 0.39, p .ltoreq.0.01), and non-pregnant females (r = 0.56, p.ltoreq.0.001).
- L18 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS
- PY 1995
 - 1992
 - 1993
 - 1993
 - 1997
 - 1996
- IN Stamler, Jonathan; Loscalzo, Joseph; Slivka, Adam; Simon, Daniel; Brown, Robert; Drazen, Jeffrey
- TI S-Nitrosothiols as smooth muscle relaxants and their therapeutic uses
- SO U.S., 35 pp. Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 804,665, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM
- S-nitrosothiols exert a potent relaxant effect, mediated both by guanylate cyclase, and a cGMP-independent mechanism, upon non-vascular smooth muscle. Such types of smooth muscle include airway, gastrointestinal, bladder, uterine and corpus cavernosal. Thus, S-nitrosothiols may be used for the treatment or prevention of disorders assocd. with relaxation of smooth muscle, such as airway obstruction, and other respiratory disorders, bladder dysfunction, premature labor and impotence. Addnl., S-nitrosothiols may be used to alleviate smooth muscle contraction and spasm, and thus facilitate procedures involving diagnostic instrumentation, such as endoscopy, bronchoscopy, laparoscopy and

cystoscopy. S-nitrosothiols also increase the binding affinity between Hb and oxygen, and therefore, may be used to improve Hb-oxygen binding, and oxygen transport to bodily tissues.

- ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS L18
- PΥ 1993 1995 1993
- Stamler, Jonathan; Loscalzo, Joseph; Slivka, Adam; Simon, Daniel; Brown, ΙN Robert; Drazen, Jeffrey
- S-nitrosothiols as smooth muscle relaxants and therapeutic uses thereof TΙ
- PCT Int. Appl., 73 pp. SO CODEN: PIXXD2
- S-nitrosothiols exert a potent relaxant effect, mediated both by guanylate AB cyclase, and a cGMP-independent mechanism, upon nonvascular smooth muscle. Such types of smooth muscle include airway, gastrointestinal, bladder, uterine, and corpus cavernosal muscle. Thus, S-nitrosothiols may be used for the treatment or prevention of disorders assocd. with relaxation of smooth muscle, such as airway obstruction, and other respiratory disorders, bladder dysfunction, premature labor, and impotence. Addnl., S-nitrosothiols may be used to alleviate smooth muscle contraction and spasm, and thus facilitate procedures involving diagnostic instrumentation, such as endoscopy, bronchoscopy, laparoscopy, and cystoscopy. S-nitrosothiols also increase the binding affinity between Hb and O, and therefore, may be used to improve Hb-O binding, and O transport to body tissues.
- L18 ANSWER 6 OF 7 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2002 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.
- PΥ 1995
- Farhat A.; Picciano M.F.; Lammi-Keefe C.J.; DeSilva H.N. ΑU
- Evidence for altered selenium status in pregnant women with diabetes. ΤI
- Journal of Trace Elements in Experimental Medicine, (1995) 8/1 (29-39). SO ISSN: 0896-548X CODEN: JTEMEM
- The possible relationship between selenium status and gestational diabetes AΒ was investigated. Selenium concentration in maternal and umbilical cord plasma and glutathione peroxidase activity (Se-GPx) in maternal plasma were measured in 40 pregnant women. Subjects included pregnant women with gestational diabetes (GD, n = 12), insulin dependent diabetes (ID, n = 11), and controls (ND, n = 17). Both groups of pregnant women with diabetes delivered early compared to control women (GD, 37.2; ID, 35.5 and ND, 39.7 wk; P < 0.0001). Values for maternal plasma selenium and Se-GPx in both the GD (1.26 .mu.mol/L and 1.55 mU/mg protein, respectively) and ID (1.37 .mu.mol/L and 1.81 mU/mg protein, respectively) groups were, respectively, about 55 and 65% lower compared to those of the ND group (2.04 .mu.mol/L; P < 0.0001 and 2.77 mU/mg protein; P < 0.0001, respectively). Gestational age at delivery did not influence indices of selenium status in the three groups. Cord plasma selenium concentration did not differ among the three groups (GD, 1.25; ID, 1.37 and ND, 1.69 nmol/L; P < 0.09). Maternal plasma selenium was positively correlated with maternal plasma Se-GPx (r = 0.79; P < 0.0001). Cord plasma selenium concentration was 17% lower compared to maternal plasma in the control group (P < 0.05). Results show that diabetes, whether long standing or of gestational origin, alters indices of maternal selenium metabolism during pregnancy.
- L18 ANSWER 7 OF 7 EMBASE COPYRIGHT 2002 ELSEVIER SCI. B.V.
- PΥ 1993
- Narahara H.; Johnston J.M. ΑU
- Smoking and preterm labor: Effect of a cigarette smoke extract on the TI secretion of platelet-activating factor-acetylhydrolase by human decidual macrophages.

- SO American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, (1993) 169/5 (1321-1326). ISSN: 0002-9378 CODEN: AJOGAH
- Objective: Maternal smoking in pregnancy is associated with a significant AB increase in the incidence of preterm labor, premature rupture of membranes, and premature delivery. Our aim was to clarify the cause underlying this association. Study design: The effect of cigarette smoke extract on the secretion of platelet-activating factor-acetylhydrolase by both decidual macrophages and peripheral blood monocytes and macrophages was investigated. Results: The cigarette smoke extract inhibited the platelet-activating factor-acetylhydrolase secretion by these cells. The inhibitory effect of cigarette smoke extract on the secretion was a hundred times more potent compared with its direct effect on the plasma enzyme. Glutathione and dithiothreitol blocked the inhibition, whereas catalase or superoxide dismutase did not. Nicotine and cotinine have no effect on the secretion. Conclusion: The presence in cigarette smoke extract of a potent inhibitor(s) of platelet-activating factor-acetylhydrolase secretion by decidual macrophages may provide an insight into the pathogenesis of preterm labor, premature rupture of membranes, and premature delivery in women who smoke during pregnancy.